Fact: 1 in 5 children ages 13-18 have, or will have a serious mental illness.1

Impact

50% of all lifetime cases of mental illness begin by age 14 and 75% by age 24.1

The average delay between onset of symptoms and intervention is 8-10 years.1

Approximately 50% of students age 14 and older with a mental illness drop out of high school.1

70% of youth in state and local juvenile justice systems have a mental illness.1

Warning Signs

- Feeling very sad or withdrawn for more than 2 weeks (e.g., crying regularly, feeling fatigued, feeling unmotivated).
- Trying to harm or kill oneself or making plans to do so.
- Out-of-control, risk-taking behaviors that can cause harm to self or others.
- Sudden overwhelming fear for no reason, sometimes with a racing heart, physical discomfort or fast breathing.
- Not eating, throwing up or using laxatives to lose weight; significant weight loss or gain.

Severe mood swings that cause problems in relationships.

- Repeated use of drugs or alcohol.
- Drastic changes in behavior, personality or sleeping habits (e.g., waking up early and acting agitated).
- Extreme difficulty in concentrating or staying still that can lead to failure in school.
- Intense worries or fears that get in the way of daily activities like hanging out with friends or going to classes.

4 Things Parents Can Do

- Talk with your pediatrician
- Get a referral to a mental health specialist
- Work with the school
- Connect with other families

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1 This document cites statistics provided by the National Institute of Mental Health. www.nimh.nih.gov

www.nami.org

90% of those who died by suicide had an underlying mental illness.1

Suicide is the 3rd leading cause of death in youth ages 10 - 24.1